Simple Feeding Strategies



Tackling Picky Eating

We all hope for that joyful eater that loves to eat whatever you put in front of them. Most of the time we get that until our kiddo is about two. However, some situations can make feeding challenges start earlier or persist. Not to mention that the toddler and preschool years naturally bring about more selective eating habits that can spiral out of control.

Common characteristics of picky/selective eaters:

- Struggle with new foods
- Narrow variety of foods
- Difficult to please at mealtimes

First, know that feeding and managing challenging behaviors is rough for all of us at various times in a child's development. It's especially true when kids are 2-5 years old - you didn't do anything to cause this from the start. But certain situations and responses from us can make it worse.

You did your best and together we can make this better!

What can make eating more challenging:

- Illnesses (ex. Ear infections)
- Authoritarian parenting style (ex. Can't leave table until you eat it OR it'll be back at your next
- Weight concerns (ex. Underweight or overweight)
- Parent/caregiver role-modeling of dieting, poor body image, and health focused talk
- Different rules/expectations for each family member

What does a 2-8 year old actually need?

Carbs

130g or more daily They are burning energy like crazy and this is the fastest form of energy to power their high-speed lifestyle! More than **50%** of their needs are made up of carbs.



Protein

13-20g per day



4-5 cups/day Make it accessible Urine tells you if they need more or less water. Remember water is in food too.



Fiber

Their Age + 5g (minimum req.) (ie. 4 yr needs 9g)

Overall, they Need Calories (Energy)

Support them in eating as much as they need to **feel full**. Structure, selection, and NO pressure.

Start with Exploring Everyone's Role:

How do parents and caregivers support the development of a healthy relationship to food and peaceful mealtimes? Ellyn Satter's Division of Responsibility is a great tool to check in with how your family is handling feeding.

Parents Role

Choose and prepare the food. Provide regular meals and snacks. Make eating times pleasant. Role model how to behave at family mealtime.

Let your child grow into the body that is right for them.

Be considerate without catering to likes and dislikes.

Only water between meal and snack times.

WHAT, WHEN, & HOW

Kids Role

(changes as they age)

Eat.

Eat the amount he needs. Learn to eat the food you enjoy. Grow predictably in the way that is right for him. Learn to behave well at mealtime.

HOW MUCH

Let the structure speak for you - stop pressuring and arguing!

Need more help? Let's work together

- How do I handle sugar and other snack
- I can't get my child to eat a vegetable. My child's weight has been impacted by
- their eating habits. (underweight or My child eats the same handful of foods
 - My child wont eat if I don't give them

 - We've been arguing about food for so long that I don't know where to start.



What you're saying when you're not talking about food..

- Look at what I enjoy by seeing what I eat.
- Go at your own pace when trying new foods.
- Complete meals include all of the items available.
- You don't have to like everything.
- It's okay to like your favorite foods.
- We can talk and laugh during mealtimes.
- You don't have to eat things you don't like to earn foods you do like.
- I trust that you know when you're full and the structure will help you learn to check in with yourself. (Natural consequences are powerful educators)